

#### NAME

ExtUtils::Constant::Base - base class for ExtUtils::Constant objects

### **SYNOPSIS**

```
require ExtUtils::Constant::Base;
@ISA = 'ExtUtils::Constant::Base';
```

### DESCRIPTION

ExtUtils::Constant::Base provides a base implementation of methods to generate C code to give fast constant value lookup by named string. Currently it's mostly used ExtUtils::Constant::XS, which generates the lookup code for the constant() subroutine found in many XS modules.

## **USAGE**

ExtUtils::Constant::Base exports no subroutines. The following methods are available

header

A method returning a scalar containing definitions needed, typically for a C header file.

memEQ\_clause args\_hashref

A method to return a suitable C if statement to check whether *name* is equal to the C variable name. If *checked\_at* is defined, then it is used to avoid memEQ for short names, or to generate a comment to highlight the position of the character in the switch statement.

If i<checked\_at> is a reference to a scalar, then instead it gives the characters pre-checked at the beginning, (and the number of chars by which the C variable name has been advanced. These need to be chopped from the front of *name*).

dump\_names arg\_hashref, ITEM...

An internal function to generate the embedded perl code that will regenerate the constant subroutines. *default\_type*, *types* and *ITEMs* are the same as for C\_constant. *indent* is treated as number of spaces to indent by. If declare\_types is true a \$types is always declared in the perl code generated, if defined and false never declared, and if undefined \$types is only declared if the values in *types* as passed in cannot be inferred from *default\_types* and the *ITEMs*.

assign arg\_hashref, VALUE...

A method to return a suitable assignment clause. If *type* is aggregate (eg *PVN* expects both pointer and length) then there should be multiple *VALUE*s for the components. *pre* and *post* if defined give snippets of C code to proceed and follow the assignment. *pre* will be at the start of a block, so variables may be defined in it.

return clause arg hashref, ITEM

A method to return a suitable #ifdef clause. *ITEM* is a hashref (as passed to C\_constant and match\_clause. *indent* is the number of spaces to indent, defaulting to 6.

switch\_clause arg\_hashref, NAMELEN, ITEMHASH, ITEM...

An internal method to generate a suitable switch clause, called by C\_constant *ITEM*s are in the hash ref format as given in the description of C\_constant, and must all have the names of the same length, given by *NAMELEN*. *ITEMHASH* is a reference to a hash, keyed by name, values being the hashrefs in the *ITEM* list. (No parameters are modified, and there can be keys in the *ITEMHASH* that are not in the list of *ITEM*s without causing problems - the hash is passed in to save generating it afresh for each call).

params WHAT

An "internal" method, subject to change, currently called to allow an overriding class to cache information that will then be passed into all the \*param\* calls. (Yes, having to read the source



to make sense of this is considered a known bug). WHAT is be a hashref of types the constant function will return. In ExtUtils::Constant::XS this method is used to returns a hashref keyed IV NV PV SV to show which combination of pointers will be needed in the C argument list generated by C\_constant\_other\_params\_definition and C\_constant\_other\_params

dogfood arg\_hashref, ITEM...

An internal function to generate the embedded perl code that will regenerate the constant subroutines. Parameters are the same as for C\_constant.

Currently the base class does nothing and returns an empty string.

normalise\_items args, default\_type, seen\_types, seen\_items, ITEM...

Convert the items to a normalised form. For 8 bit and Unicode values converts the item to an array of 1 or 2 items, both 8 bit and UTF-8 encoded.

C\_constant arg\_hashref, ITEM...

A function that returns a **list** of C subroutine definitions that return the value and type of constants when passed the name by the XS wrapper. *ITEM...* gives a list of constant names. Each can either be a string, which is taken as a C macro name, or a reference to a hash with the following keys

name

The name of the constant, as seen by the perl code.

type

The type of the constant (IV, NV etc)

value

A C expression for the value of the constant, or a list of C expressions if the type is aggregate. This defaults to the *name* if not given.

macro

The C pre-processor macro to use in the #ifdef. This defaults to the name, and is mainly used if value is an enum. If a reference an array is passed then the first element is used in place of the #ifdef line, and the second element in place of the #endif. This allows pre-processor constructions such as

```
#if defined (foo)
#if !defined (bar)
...
#endif
#endif
```

to be used to determine if a constant is to be defined.

A "macro" 1 signals that the constant is always defined, so the #if/#endif test is omitted.

default

Default value to use (instead of croaking with "your vendor has not defined...") to return if the macro isn't defined. Specify a reference to an array with type followed by value(s).

pre

C code to use before the assignment of the value of the constant. This allows you to use temporary variables to extract a value from part of a struct and return this as *value*. This C code is places at the start of a block, so you can declare variables in it.



post

C code to place between the assignment of value (to a temporary) and the return from the function. This allows you to clear up anything in *pre*. Rarely needed.

def\_pre
def\_post

Equivalents of *pre* and *post* for the default value.

utf8

Generated internally. Is zero or undefined if name is 7 bit ASCII, "no" if the name is 8 bit (and so should only match if SvUTF8() is false), "yes" if the name is utf8 encoded.

The internals automatically clone any name with characters 128-255 but none 256+ (ie one that could be either in bytes or utf8) into a second entry which is utf8 encoded.

weight

Optional sorting weight for names, to determine the order of linear testing when multiple names fall in the same case of a switch clause. Higher comes earlier, undefined defaults to zero.

In the argument hashref, *package* is the name of the package, and is only used in comments inside the generated C code. *subname* defaults to constant if undefined.

default\_type is the type returned by ITEMs that don't specify their type. It defaults to the value of default\_type(). types should be given either as a comma separated list of types that the C subroutine subname will generate or as a reference to a hash. default\_type will be added to the list if not present, as will any types given in the list of ITEMs. The resultant list should be the same list of types that XS\_constant is given. [Otherwise XS\_constant and C\_constant may differ in the number of parameters to the constant function. indent is currently unused and ignored. In future it may be used to pass in information used to change the C indentation style used.] The best way to maintain consistency is to pass in a hash reference and let this function update it.

breakout governs when child functions of subname are generated. If there are breakout or more ITEMs with the same length of name, then the code to switch between them is placed into a function named subname\_len, for example constant\_5 for names 5 characters long. The default breakout is 3. A single ITEM is always inlined.

## **BUGS**

Not everything is documented yet.

Probably others.

# **AUTHOR**

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