OSHC VIDEOS

	TITLE	RUNNING TIME
	A. Electrical Safety	
1. 2.	Basic Electrical Safety (JICA) Prevention of Electric Shock (JICA)	20 minutes 20 minutes
	B. Equipment Safety	
3. 4. 5. 6.	Safe Operation of a Grinder (JICA) Safety in Press Work (JICA) Forklift Operation (JICA) Forklift Safety Inspection (OSHC)	18 minutes 20 minutes 20 minutes 08 minutes
	C. Construction Safety	
	Form Shoring (JICA) Excavation and Shoring (JICA) Safety in the Use of Construction Machine (JICA) Safety in Pilling Work (JICA) Guts are not Enough (JICA)	09 minutes 17 minutes 18 minutes 19 minutes 10 minutes
	D. General Safety	
13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26.	Housekeeping (JICA) Housekeeping (Cartoons) (OSHC) Safety Inspection (JICA) JIT Right from the Start One Point Hazard Prediction (JICA) Preventing Accident (JICA) Accident Investigation (JICA) The Advice of Pointing the Finger and Calling Practice (JICA) Equality Between Labor and Management (JICA) Elimination of Unsafe Acts (JICA) Job Safety Analysis (JICA) Improvement of Operation Methods (JICA) Potential Hazards in a Work Process (JICA) Safety of New Workers (JICA) Methods of Instruction (JICA) Desire for Safety (JICA)	24 minutes 11 minutes 09 minutes 10 minutes 14 minutes 23 minutes 09 minutes 12 minutes 18 minutes 20 minutes 14 minutes 21 minutes 22 minutes 25 minutes 21 minutes 22 minutes 23 minutes
28. 29. 30. 31. 32.	Desire for Safety (JICA) What Caused the Accident (JICA) Forklift Safety (Summit) Oriving Skills The Professional Driver How to Handle Heavy Items (JICA) PPE for your Protection (JICA) Safety on Heavy Equipment (JICA) Practical Course in Factory Supervision (JICA)	20 minutes 23 minutes 23 minutes 18 minutes 20 minutes 18 minutes 19 minutes 29 minutes 20 minutes

(The Manufacturing Plan)34. Fire Safety (JICA)	25 minutes
35. Preventing Fire and Explosion (JICA)	09 minutes
36. The Correct Use of Measuring Tools (JICA) 37. Industrial Fire Protection:	o) immaces
	11 minutes
 Liquified Petroleum Gas Fire 	12 minutes
 In Process Tank Fire 	12 minutes
 Process Unit Tower Flunge 	21 minutes
• Structural Fire	
F. Work Environment Related Materials	

09 minutes 21 minutes 11 minutes 10 minutes

- 38. Industrial Hygiene
- 39. The Invisible Vapor (JICA)
- 40. Working with Chemicals and your Health
- 41. Handling Chemicals in the Pharmaceutical Industry

F. Videos for Special Sectors

- 42. Hope for the Children of Biñan (Child Labor in Footwear Industry)
- 43. The Blight of the Footwear Industry
- 44. Ano ang Mali (Different Hazards in the Informal Sector)
- 45. Threading the Grassroots (Safety & Health in the Informal Sector)
- 46. Farm Perils (Agriculture Safety & Health)
- 47. Real Price of Gold (Child Labor in Small-Scale Mining)

Synopses of OSHC Produced Videos

The Blight in the Footwear Industry

TRT: 05:45

The video depicted the various hazards and risks faced by the workers in the footwear industry in Biñan especially its child laborers. Due to such unacceptable risks to the child, the film towards its end, called for the elimination of child labor in this industry.

Hope for the Children of Biñan

TRT: 10:40

"If there's a will, there's a way" could very well describe the circumstances in this video. It shows a community that faced the problem of child labor in backyard shoe production, did something to solve and eliminate the problem using the occupational safety and health approach with the help of partners - government and non government organizations. Thus literally providing a brand new hope both for the shoe industry and the child laborers of Biñan.

It is the companion video to the film, "The Blight in the Footwear Industry".

Farm Perils

TRT: 07:41

The film depicted farm practices in the vegetable gardens of Benguet, Mt. Province known as the "Salad Bowl of the Philippines." It also showed the deleterious effects of the improper and unwarranted use of pesticides in the farms, including their effects on the children who also help out in farm work. Featured also were the interventions of the OSHC and the DOLE in helping farmers respond to such hazards. Cited were the results of the medical examinations of adults and children exposed to such risks.

Real Price of Gold

TRT: 10:12

The film depicted the work processes in the small scale mining sites of Paracale, Camarines Norte and Sibutad, Zamboanga del Norte which are among the Philippines' richest source of gold reserves. These sites were characterized by the use of child labor who assist their parents in the mining activities. It exposes the dangers faced by child laborers as borne out by the results of the medical examinations conducted by the OSHC in these communities.

Mga Panday ng Albay

TRT: 12: 24

Tabaco City in Albay is famous for its hand crafted cutlery products and blacksmithing industry dating back during the early 1920's. The film shows the various safety and health hazards faced by the blacksmiths or "panday". It features local officials who discuss some of the problems faced by the industry and the measures they are taking to help them It also shows interviews by OSH experts on the possible effects of such hazards and suggests measures to control them.

Tobacco, Workers and Workplaces

TRT: 14:47

The film is an in depth documentary on tobacco use with focus on workplace conditions. Tobacco use is undeniably prevalent among the Filipino population. A Lung Center of the Philippines survey estimated that 47% of the population smoke. Smoking prevalence among the productive age group of 22-65 years of age was found to be high. Equally alarming is that tobacco smoking accounts for about 30% of all cancer deaths in the Philippines and directly affects more than half of all households in the Philippines.

With interviews from several specialists from the Lung Center of the Philippines, smokers and past smokers, this documentary thoroughly tackles the different issues that deal with tobacco use, workplace and workers' productivity.

Sea Worthy: A Video on Filipino Seafarers

TRT: 14:43

More than a quarter of the world's seafarers are Filipinos. Living on a floating vessel for months and even years away from his family, a Filipino seafarer faces safety, health and psycho – social problems while on board the ship which includes but are not limited to fire and electrical hazards, exposure to chemicals at the workplace and in the cargoes; drugs and alcohol use, stress brought about by working with people from different cultures and background. As in other OSHC-

produced films, this also offers suggestions and comments from different sectors on how the seafarers and their employers, cope with these health and safety threats.

Site Safety Inspection

TRT: 17:00

The film is a comprehensive informational video on site safety to minimize the hazards, prevent accidents and deaths in the construction industry which is listed as one of the most hazardous jobs. Workers are exposed to several hazards such as physical hazards (falling debris, sharp-pointed tools and equipment; vibrations from drilling work, etc.); chemical (as paints and solvents); biological (contaminated food and lack of potable water on site) and ergonomic (awkward positions). The film points out that a safety and health program is necessary to respond to such risks. It offers pointers for those planning to develop such programs and features interviews with safety officers from a prominent construction company.

The ASEAN OSHNET

TRT: 05:06

The video introduces the ASEAN OSHNET, an organization composed of national centers on occupational safety and health in the ten-country members of the Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN). It gives the background and the rationale for the organization, as well as the aims and objectives of the organization summed up in simple terms – solidarity as well as the promotion of human resources development and a more productive, safe and healthy work force in the ASEAN. It shows the various OSH and OSH - related organizations working in the different countries of the ASEAN.

A Safe and Healthy Workplace: The OSHC Agenda

TRT: 22:55

This video introduces the Occupational Safety and Health Center, its thrust, mandate, and services especially to vulnerable sectors not usually covered by government programs. It features the late Kiko Evangelista as narrator and commentator. It takes the viewer to a tour of the OSHC facilities while explaining the functions of such and how these can be accessed. Seen are the laboratory facilities for: work environment measurement; health surveillance, testing of ventilation systems, personal protective equipment and video production facilities. It stresses that the OSHC also develops and conducts OSH training programs as the BOSH and Construction Safety. Included are interviews with some of the OSHC trainers and a few participants. It explains the Zero Accident Program.

Kabataang Manggagawa: The OSHC Report

This documentary features the youth which makes up the pillar of the country's workforce and who are often unprepared and vulnerable to unsafe and unhealthy work condition. The youth comprises 16 million of the country's labor force who work in homes, fields, streets and industries often exposed to psychological, physical, personal and environmental hazards. The film comprises of five segments which tackles the youth today equipped with a study of the youth's profile conducted by the UP Population Institute, hazards at work, the role of institutions such as TESDA that provides proper trainings and teaches basic occupational safety and health skills to the young workers, the occupational safety and heath standards and the OSHC vision of providing a better workplace for the young entrant together with its stake holders.

Safe, Sure, Secure: Are You Safe, Sure and Secure While Working?

TRT: 39:44

This documentary presents the different occupational hazards that can be found in the workplace even in the comfort of the office. Example of which are the physical, ergonomic, chemical and even psychological hazards such as harassments, stress, professional rivalry and gossips. The documentary highlights various industries which employ hazardous works with their workers everyday such as the manufacturing, hotel and restaurant, construction, call center, school, overseas work etc. Comprehensive statistical surveys and studies regarding work related fatalities, injuries and illnesses are also featured.

Violence on the Job

TRT: 27 minutes

(A film by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Centers for Disease and Prevention - Department of Health and Human Services, USA)

The film tackles violence at the workplace in the USA. It showed that from 1993 – 1999, workplace accounts for 18% of all violent crimes. Half of such violence occur in the service sector such as in stores, taxis, and gas stations. Such workplaces are characterized by workers working alone; delivering goods or rendering services and are located in high crime areas.

Another group found to be the subject of violence on the job are those rendering medical services as well as social workers in their rounds.

At present, there is no national legislation on workplace violence. However, the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) and the NIOSH have developed voluntary guidelines for the various sectors most seriously affected: 1) taxi and livery services; 2) late-night retail; and 3) health care.

The film also presents three strategies in general, for the prevention of workplace violence: 1) environmental; 2) administrative; and 3) behavioral.

Environmental strategies include: 1) reduction of cash on hand, especially in retail trade; 2) separate the workers from the clients; 3) increase visibility and lighting; 4) select safety devices such as alarms and key-card system; and 4) control of access to workplaces in terms of number and location.

Some of the administrative strategies involve: 1) revising of staffing patterns; 2) revision of work practices that encourage assaults; and 3) developing policy on violence at the workplace.

Behavioral strategies on the other hand, would involve employee training on: 1) non – violent response and conflict resolution; 2) proper use of safety devices; and 3) adherence to administrative controls. Furthermore, the program would need management commitment and employee involvement to work.

The video stresses that violence at the workplace is not just a social issue but a workplace one as well and thus, demands focused attention.